UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/823,161	04/13/2004	Michael Frank	PIX-P-064	4544
32566 PATENT LAW	7590 08/23/2007 / GROUP LLP		EXAMINER	
2635 NORTH FIRST STREET			CHEN, CHIA WEI A	
SUITE 223 SAN JOSE, CA	CA 95134		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		2622		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/23/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/823,161	FRANK, MICHAEL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chia-Wei A. Chen	2622				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMUNION (1.136(a). In no event, however, may a control of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON (atute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13	3 April 2004.					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ T	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D	9. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the applicati	ion.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	drawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.	•				
Application Papers		·				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 13 April 2004 is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ obje	cted to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	, -					
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	ign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	} 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
<u> </u>						
2. Certified copies of the priority docume						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p		received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a l	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	rappiyad				
See the attached detailed Office action for a r	ist of the certified copies flot	received.				
•						
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date				
3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of I	nformal Patent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>4/13/2004</u> .	6)	<del>_</del> ·				

Application/Control Number: 10/823,161 Page 2

Art Unit: 2622

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Information Disclosure Statement

1. The references listed on the Information Disclosure Statement filed on 4/13/2004 have been considered by the examiner (see attached PTO/SB/08).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 2, 6, 8, 9, 14, 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ueno et al. (US 5,334,829).

As to Claim 1, Ueno et al. teaches, in figure 1, an integrated circuit package for an image sensor chip, the image sensor chip including a sensor area for sensing incident light and a circuitry area (col. 3, lines 64-67), the package comprising:

- a substrate including a first surface for receiving an image sensor chip and a second surface having an array of contact terminals formed thereon (col. 4, lines 8-15); and
- a heater element (5) having a first terminal and a second terminal coupled to a first contact terminal and a second contact terminal, respectively, of the array of contact terminals, the heater element being positioned on the first surface of the substrate and underneath the sensor area of the image sensor chip to be assembled in the package (col. 4, lines 16-26, 36-42),

wherein the heater element provides heating of the sensor area of the image sensor chip when a first voltage is applied across the first contact terminal and the second contact terminal (col. 4, lines 50-61).

As to claim 2, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 1, wherein the image sensor chip is attached to the first surface of the substrate so that the heater element is sandwiched between the sensor area of the image sensor ship and the first surface of the substrate (Fig. 4).

As to claim 6, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 1, wherein the package comprises a pin grid array package and the array of contact terminals comprises an array of contact pins (pins 9a, 9b, 9c, Fig. 1,).

As to claim 8, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 1, wherein the heater element comprises a resistive heater element (7, col. 4, line 30).

As to claim 9, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 8, wherein the resistive heater element comprises a material selected from conductive plastic and conductive metals (col. 6, lines 8-16).

As to claim 14, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 8, wherein the first terminal of the heater element is connected to the first contact terminal through

a first via interconnect (9a) through the substrate of the package and the second terminal of the heater element is connected to the second contact terminal through a second via interconnect (9b) through the substrate of the package (Fig. 3).

As to claim 15, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 1, further comprising a heat spreader formed in the substrate (The heating device is formed on a lower surface of the insulating material to uniformly heat the solid state imaging device, thus acting as a heat spreader; col. 5, lines 60-68.).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno et al. in view of Anton (US 2003/0089957 A1).

As to claim 3, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 2, but does not teach wherein the image sensor chip is attached to the heater element and the first surface of the substrate using an epoxy glue.

Anton teaches wherein the image sensor chip is attached to the heater element and the first surface of the substrate using an epoxy glue (gelatinous material RBC Epoxy, paragraph [0017]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the epoxy glue of Anton with the integrated circuit package of Ueno et al. in order to maintain the temperature of the chip in a stable manner. (See paragraph [0003] of Anton.)

6. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno et al. (US 5,334,829).

Ueno et al. discloses substantially the claimed invention as set forth in the discussion for claims 4 and 5.

Ueno et al. does not disclose expressly wherein the array of contact terminals comprises an array of contact balls or contact pads.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to configure the array of contact terminals to be contact balls or pads. Applicant has not disclosed that configuring the array of contact terminals to be contact balls or pads provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, further more, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with either the contact pins taught by Ueno et al. or the claimed contact balls or pins because both contact terminal designs perform the same

function of allowing an electrical path to the components of the integrated circuit package. Therefore, it would have been obvious to modify Ueno et al. to obtain the invention as specified in claims 4 and 5.

7. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno et al. in view of Ozimek et al. (US 5,865,935).

As to claim 7, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 1, but does not teach wherein the package comprises a ceramic or plastic leaded chip carrier and the array of contact terminals comprises an array of contact pins formed on the side surfaces of the package.

Ozimek et al. teaches wherein the package comprises a ceramic (12) or plastic leaded chip carrier and the array of contact terminals comprises an array of contact pins (22) formed on the side surfaces of the package (Fig. 2).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the ceramic chip carrier of Ozimek et al. with the integrated circuit package of Ueno et al. to provide an improved method for securing image sensors to a ceramic member and to provide the smallest possible diameter available to adequately house the image sensor and to provide greater integrity of the package. (See col. 2, lines 18-25 of Ozimek et al.)

8. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno et al. in view of Ito et al. (US 2003/0164365 A1).

Page 7

As to claim 10, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 8, wherein the resistive heater element is formed in a narrow serpentine shape. Ueno et al. does not teach wherein the resistive heater element is formed of tungsten.

Ito et al. teaches wherein the resistive heater element is formed of tungsten (paragraph [0105] of Ito et al.).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the tungsten heating element of Ito et al. with the integrated circuit package of Ueno et al. so that thermal diffusion of the impurities from the ceramic heater to the semiconductor wafer can be prevented. (See paragraph [0014] of Ito et al.)

9. Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno et al. in view of Barlow et al. (US 4,420,261).

As to claim 11, Ueno et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 1, but does not teach a protection resistor coupled between the first terminal and the second terminal of the heater element.

Barlow et al. teaches a protection resistor coupled between the first terminal and the second terminal of the heater element (resistors 102 and 103, col. 11, lines 37-40).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the protection resistor of Barlow et al. with the integrated circuit package of Ueno et al. to protect the output against static electric discharges or other accidental stress. (See col. 11, lines 38-40).

As to claim 12, Ueno et al. in view of Barlow et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 11, wherein the protection resistor comprises a high resistance resistor (col. 11, lines 37-40).

As to claim 13, Ueno et al. in view of Barlow et al. teaches the integrated circuit package of claim 12, wherein the resistance of the protection resistor is about 100 Ohms or greater (col. 11, lines 37).

## Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Koch et al. (US 6,023,091) discloses a semiconductor heater and method for making.

Beyne et al. (US 6,566,745 B1) discloses an image sensor ball grid array package and the fabrication thereof.

## Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chia-Wei A. Chen whose telephone number is 571-270-1707. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30 - 17:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, NgocYen Vu can be reached on (571) 272-7320. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

CC 8/17/07

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Page 9